Course structure

1 Gathering and interpreting the data for impact assessment: Overview

2 Quantitative and Qualitative Methods

3 How to measure impact and the obstacles you have to overcome

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Some terms used in this course:

Correlation - a connection between two or more things in data.

Deductive logic - aims at testing an existing theory.

Hypothesis - a proposed explanation for a phenomenon, based on limited evidence as a starting point for further investigation. For a hypothesis to be scientific, the scientific method requires that one can test it.

Implementation - the process of putting a plan into action.

Inductive logic - starts without a theory; aims at constructing one.

Presumption - a belief that something is true because it is likely, although not certain.

Respondent - someone who replies to something (e.g. a questionnaire).

Stakeholder - person, party, group that has an interest in something and can either affect or be affected by it.

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